



# Maidstone & Malling Alternative Provision

INSPIRING ACHIEVEMENT THROUGH INCLUSION AND SUPPORT

## Behaviour Policy 2023 - 2024

**March 24<sup>th</sup> 2024 updated**

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Management Committee Lead; David Jones  
Policy updated by Lee Aitken-Cooper

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## MAIDSTONE AND MALLING BEHAVIOUR POLICY

### Legal Framework:

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:

- [Behaviour and discipline in schools](#)
- [Searching, screening and confiscation at school](#)
- [The Equality Act 2010](#)
- [Use of reasonable force in schools](#)
- [Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school](#)
- [Mental Health and behaviour in schools guidance](#)
- [Keeping children safe in education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

It is also based on the [special educational needs and disability \(SEND\) code of practice](#).

In addition, this policy is based on:

- Section 175 of the Education Act 2002, which outlines a school's duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of its pupils
- Sections 88-94 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006, which require schools to regulate pupils' behaviour and publish a behaviour policy and written statement of behaviour principles, and give schools the authority to confiscate pupils' property

We aim to provide a caring community in which all members work together to create a climate in which each individual can achieve his/her full potential. We endeavour to encourage a positive approach towards behaviour based on trust and the development of self discipline.

### AIMS

The overarching aims are:

- To promote good behaviour and encourage achievement
- To support pupils in learning self-discipline and regard for authority
- To enable effective teaching and learning
- To create a safe and secure environment for pupils and staff
- To develop pupils' understanding, acceptance and tolerance of the differences in individuals

## Responsibility for Behaviour and Discipline

Under the Leadership of the Headteacher, teachers and others who are entrusted with managing pupil behaviour within the school are empowered to act in loco parentis, responsible for the good of the whole pupil body whilst respecting and caring for the integrity and needs of the individual. The school believes that positive links with parents/carers are essential in maintaining and reinforcing high standards of behaviour.

The school will endeavour to maintain regular contact with parents/carers regarding all pupil issues. Where a school matter is being investigated, the school reserves the right not to contact parents/carers until the initial investigation has been completed.

The school's central concern must always be the child's welfare, and also the safety of the other children and young people for whom the school is responsible.

Under the DfEs February 2024 guidance – *'Behaviour in Schools Advice for headteachers and school staff'* the Headteacher must:

- encourage good behaviour and respect for others;
- secure an acceptable standard of behaviour of pupils;
- promote, among pupils, self-discipline and proper regard for authority;
- prevent all forms of bullying (including cyberbullying, prejudice-based and discriminatory bullying);
- ensure that pupils complete any tasks reasonably assigned to them in connection with their education; and
- otherwise regulate the conduct of pupils.

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2006/40/section/89>

- The headteacher must act in accordance with the current statement of behaviour principles made by the Management Committee and have regard to any guidance provided by the Management Committee on promoting good behaviour at the school.
- This is a core responsibility of a headteacher. It cannot be delegated.

All staff are responsible for the behaviour and discipline of pupils in their charge and should use effective strategies and sanctions to maintain an orderly environment for learning. In dealing with matters of indiscipline or unacceptable behaviour, staff should always:

- Act justly and fairly and be seen to do so and in accordance with the schools' policies
- Establish a relationship of respect with pupils
- Deal promptly and personally in matters of discipline
- Apply a consistent approach

Both rewards and sanctions will be used by staff to promote a positive ethos in the school and every lesson should incorporate praise and encouragement of pupils.

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Management Committee Lead; David Jones

Policy updated by Lee Aitken-Cooper

## School Routines

Pupils are expected to arrive at school on time for both the morning and afternoon lessons (9am lesson start, breakfast including toast is available on site between 8.30-8.55am). On arrival they will remove their outer garments and hand this to a member of staff who will be supervising the entry of a pupil into school. Phones and other electronic devices are also handed in at this point. Pupils must be wearing full school uniform: MMAP sweatshirt (with logo), and or MMAP polo shirt (with logo), black jeans/trousers and appropriate footwear (no sandals).

**Rules:** Jackets/Hoodies/Hats/Baseball Caps/Bags/Phones/Cigarettes/Vapes/Sweets and energy drinks are items banned by the school, and as such these items will be requested to be handed over or searched for. To reiterate the following routines will have to be followed by all pupils before entry into school:

- Pupils to hand over outer jackets/hoodies/hats/ baseball caps
- Pupils to hand over bags
- Pupils to hand over their mobile phone(s)
- Pupils to hand over ALL Cigarettes, Vape Machines, Tobacco, Filters, papers and lighters
- Pupils to hand over all sweets and energy drinks

No drugs or any paraphernalia, weapons or alcohol are allowed on the school site. If a pupil arrives at school under the influence of drugs and or alcohol, they will not be allowed on school premises. A phone call will be made to parents/carers asking them to collect the student and the school may also contact the local safeguarding team or police.

## Searching, Screening & Confiscation

At MMAP, pupils will be screened before they enter the school, and any member of staff may screen a pupil for banned items outlined above.

The Headteacher and staff authorised by the Headteacher have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have a prohibited item. Prohibited items are:

- Knives or weapons
- Alcohol
- Illegal Drugs
- Stolen Items
- Tobacco and cigarette papers
- Pornographic images
- Any item that is likely to be used to commit an offence or to cause personal injury to any person or damage property
- Any item banned by the school rules which has been identified in the rules stated above as an item which may be searched for

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If a pupil fails to comply, then the pupil will not be let in, the school has not suspended the pupil and the pupil's absence should be treated as unauthorised. The pupil should comply with the rules and attend.

School staff can seize any prohibited item found as a result of a search. They can also seize any item, however found, which they consider harmful or detrimental to school discipline.

For further information please refer to the DfE statutory guidance:

[Searching, screening and confiscation in schools - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/searching-screening-and-confiscation-in-schools)

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

Effective behaviour management at the provision depends upon the whole staff working together to achieve a consistency of approach which reflects the positive ethos. Students voice is used to develop a Bullying Charter that is signed each year by a member of the school community. (see Appendix A).

### **Pupils**

- To arrive to lesson on time
- To be prepared to listen and learn
- To control his/her own behaviour
- To let others, work and make progress
- To sort out disagreements without resorting to physical/verbal aggression
- To show respect to staff by listening to what they have to say
- To respect property. Not to damage, take or misuse the property of other people or the school
- To respect differences and the individuality of everyone and to be particularly supportive to minorities in terms of race, abilities, sexual orientation and background
- To work to the best of their ability
- To follow school rules:
  - To have respect for yourself and others
  - To be in the right place at the right time

### **Parents/Carers**

The partnership between staff and parents/carers is crucial to the successful implementation of this policy. Parents/Carers therefore need to make sure students are dressed in full uniform, equipped for learning and support students to attend on time for a 9.00am start. Parents/Carers also need to make sure contact numbers and addresses are current to allow effective communication to and from school.

## **Staff**

The management of behaviour in the classroom is the responsibility of the person in charge of that group who should: -

- Seek to create a positive working atmosphere that is appropriate to the learning requirements of the subject, the individual and the group
- To have prepared exciting lessons that will engage the pupils in learning
- Be ready to start the lesson promptly
- Acknowledge successful work and good behaviour in line with the identified rewards system
- Report any instances of continued low level behaviour by a pupil using the CPOMS system and noting this down on their points sheet.
- Resolve minor behaviour problems immediately by talking with the pupil concerned. The staff member needs to reinforce what is expected of the pupil, set targets for improvement and explain clearly the consequences of any further lapses
- Staff should use the ARC behavior management system of ASK, REMIND and CONSEQUENCE and follow this warning system throughout the lesson (See Appendix E) Thinking time' out of the main classroom may be used as a strategy to give pupils space to compose themselves, use of the reflection room to support re-integration
- If the problem persists, then the appropriate concern should be added to CPOMS and allocated to the correct member of staff. (Incident chart appendix B) must be completed and passed to Headteacher/Deputy Headteacher. This system provides an early warning of any developing difficulties for tutors and parents
- In situations where difficulties continue, the Behavioural Team should be consulted and/or involved
- On occasions when a situation cannot be contained or managed, the staff member should send a TA to or telephone a member of the Behavioral Team or SLT
- No member of staff should use physical intervention unless they have been authorised to do so by the Head teacher (the majority of staff have been trained in the TEAM TEACH approach)
- In all instances of physical intervention, a member of the Senior Management Team must be informed immediately and must complete a restraint recording form Appendix F

## **Senior Management Team**

The Senior Management Team has a significant role in terms of behaviour management on site and has a major responsibility for the induction of new members of staff to ensure that they understand the approach to behaviour in the learning place.

When individual staff face difficulties within the learning place, a member of the Behavioral Team or Senior Management Team should be alerted in order to support them in working towards a positive solution for all those involved.

Termly analysis of the behaviour records to be shared with staff, highlighted whole school areas for concern to be considered as areas for improvement and strategies put in place to support staff and pupils. Termly review of strategies to be fed back and tweaks to enhance systems to be agreed and implemented.

The action taken by the Senior Management Team might include: -

- Re-organisation of groups to support new dynamics due to the constant changing roll in KS3 and KS4
- Increase in number of groups where staffing permits, should dynamics of groups change rapidly
- Short-term use of external hub for students unable to transition to MMAP, or who may need time-out, again where staffing permits
- Use of reflection room, for calm transition back to lesson
- Discussing with the staff member a range of approaches to consider in relation to that teaching group
- Identifying achievable targets with the pupil and staff member concerned
- Removing the pupil concerned from that learning situation as a temporary measure whilst re-establishing a positive working climate
- Establishing a 'review date' with the staff member and pupil to continue to monitor the situation
- Contacting parents, or supporting the staff member to do so, to inform them of emerging difficulties and involving them in their resolution
- Short-term part-time timetable
- Twilight sessions for a short period of time and then re-integration back into lessons.

The Senior Management Team liaises closely with staff and is kept informed by them of both major successes and emerging difficulties. The Senior Management Team:

- Seeks to encourage an atmosphere where good behaviour and hard work are the norms and to acknowledge and praise such standards where they are evident
- Awards certificates and other rewards for excellent attendance and high achievement
- Offers advice/training to the staff when pupils with problems have not responded to initial approaches and agree appropriate action: supports all members of staff in their efforts to achieve high levels of work and sound behaviour within the classroom and around the buildings
- Regular SENCO updates via bulletins to support teaching and learning/behaviour for learning
- Involves a range of outside agencies for advice or specific advanced counselling for individual pupils and where appropriate, their families

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- Attends meetings in respect of individual pupils
- Deals with matters of a confidential nature, disseminating information in accordance with legal limits
- Establishes smart targets to improve performance of pupils presenting difficulties
- Involves parents if targets are not met

## **Headteacher**

The Headteacher has the ultimate responsibility for setting the standards of behaviour in school. The Senior Management Team has responsibility for the management of the behaviour and the implementation of the agreed school policy.

The Head teacher must be kept informed of pupils' behaviour and attendance.

The Head teacher has the right to impose the ultimate sanction of exclusion in accordance with current legislation.

## **Management Committee**

To monitor the effectiveness of the school's positive behaviour and attendance policy. To support the Head teacher and senior leadership group.

## **Rewards and Sanctions**

### **Rewards**

Good work, behaviour and attendance are the expected norms. Pupils' progress towards improvement should be acknowledged as well as their achievements. Staff should communicate through comments, either verbal or written on their daily reward points sheet (see Appendix B) which recognises positive behaviour. The traffic light system was developed with consultation with pupils.

- Work
- Attendance
- Behaviour
- Extra points for work of a high standard

Other ways of recognising pupils' everyday achievements are by:

- Displaying work
- Sharing success (sensitively) with the whole group
- Informing parents
- Awarding of certificates – e.g Student of the Week awarded to the student with the most reward points during whole school assembly/student voice
- Contacting the home school and other agencies as appropriate.

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- Reward trips.

### Management of the Points System

The daily reward points sheet records the successes of individual pupils and highlights any concerns to Form Tutors. If a pupil fails to achieve at least 4 points in each session, they are given a 15-minute detention with their form tutor that night or lunchtime (if they are on a PSP). It is the duty of the Form Tutor to address this with the pupil and a phone call is made home to inform parents/carers if necessary which is then recorded on CPOMS. At the end of each day the points are added to the behaviour log on the shared system by the Tutor. At the end of the week, the student with the most points in KS3 and KS4 are awarded a £5 voucher which is banked on the school system. At the end of the term the person with the most points in KS4 is awarded a bonus of £50 (See Appendix C).

### Sanctions

In many cases minor behavioural problems can be resolved immediately by talking with the pupils concerned and reminding them of what is expected of them. The staff member should reinforce the standards required ensuring that acceptable levels of behaviour are adhered to and that pupils' complete tasks in connection with education, explain the consequences of any further lapses and set clear targets (see Appendix D)

### Behaviour out of school:

In accordance with the Education and Inspections Act (2006) the same expectations of behaviour are expected of our students when they are recognisable as a member of our school both on and off the school site. Therefore, we expect the following:

- Good order on all transport (including public transport) to and from school and during educational visits
- Positive behaviour which does not threaten the health, safety or welfare of our students, staff or members of the public

### Resources and Training

Staff are trained in behaviour management and awareness of influences affecting pupils' behaviour. Team Teach is the adopted strategy used to respond to challenging behaviour. Staff are regularly given behavior strategies and support throughout training days and during professional development.

### Use of Physical Restraint/Force

There are circumstances when it is appropriate for staff in schools and colleges to use reasonable force to safeguard children and young people. The term 'reasonable force' covers the broad range of actions used by staff that involve a degree of physical contact to control or restrain children. This can range from guiding a child to safety by the arm, using the double C method, which staff have been trained to use by Team Teach to more extreme circumstances such as breaking up a fight or where a

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young person needs to be restrained to prevent violence or injury. 'Reasonable' in these circumstances means 'using no more force than is needed'. Again, restraint techniques that staff have been trained in by Team Teach include the single elbow hold, double elbow hold and seated hold, all methods are safe and minimise risk to the pupil(s) or staff members involved. Each of these restraint techniques can be used to reduce risk to staff or pupils. The use of force may involve either passive physical contact, such as standing between pupils or blocking a pupil's path, or active physical contact such as leading a pupil by the arm out of the classroom. Other situations where reasonable force may be required are outlined below:

- The prevention of a criminal offence (including behaving in a way that would be an offence if the pupil were not under the age of criminal responsibility)
- Searching for 'Prohibited Items (see section 4 above); Behaviour, Discipline, Exclusions, Restraint and Searches 8
- To prevent a pupil injuring themselves or others
- To prevent a pupil causing damage to property (including the pupil's own property); and
- To prevent a pupil engaging in any behaviour prejudicial to maintaining good order and discipline

At MMAP we aim to offer a welcoming, secure and safe environment in which our pupils will flourish. We also aim to create an environment in which the use of force in relation to a pupil is unlikely. However, it must be clear that the Department for Education believes that the adoption of a 'no contact' policy at a school can leave staff unable to fully support and protect their pupils and students. It encourages Headteachers, Principals, governing bodies and proprietors to adopt sensible policies, which allow and support their staff to make appropriate physical contact. The decision on whether or not to use reasonable force to control or restrain a child is down to the professional judgement of the staff concerned and should always depend on individual circumstances and as such the majority of staff have been fully trained on the Team Teach model of control and restraint. This policy outlines the methods used and the statutory guidance that the school follows from the DfE (Department for Education), Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2023: [Keeping children safe in education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/101333/Keeping-children-safe-in-education-2023.pdf)

The objectives of the physical restraint section of this policy:

- Maintaining the safety of pupils and staff
- Preventing serious breaches of school discipline
- Preventing serious damage to property; and
- Preventing criminal offences (or if under the age of criminal responsibility, from committing what would be a criminal act for an older pupil)

We aim to minimise the need to use force by:

- Creating a calm environment that minimises the risk of incidents arising that might require using force
- Using social and emotional aspects of learning approaches to teach pupils how to manage conflict and strong feelings
- De-escalating incidents if they do arise

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- Only using force when the risks involved in doing so are outweighed by the risks involved in not using force; and

#### Staff authorised to use force:

The Head teacher and all members of the teaching staff have the statutory power to use pupil restraint/force at all times. In addition, support staff, teaching assistants, lunchtime supervisors and office staff may be authorised by the Head teacher to use restraint/force. The Head teacher has the responsibility to ensure that staff are fully informed of the school's policy and understand what authorisation entails. Temporary authorisation may be given to others who do not normally supervise children, for example, volunteers and parents/carers accompanying pupils on school-organised visits. Staff will only use force when:

- The potential consequences of not intervening are likely to be sufficiently serious to justify considering use of force
- The chances of achieving the desired result by other means are low; or
- The risks associated with not using force outweighed those of using force

Wherever possible these judgements will take account of the particular characteristic of the pupil, including age, special educational needs or disability. Before taking steps to restrain pupils, all members of staff will tell the pupil to stop misbehaving and what will happen if they do not. The member of staff will communicate in a calm and measured manner throughout the incident. The minimum force necessary will be used, to prevent harm to the pupil or to another pupil or adult.

In applying this policy, the school acknowledges its legal duty to make reasonable adjustments for disabled children and children with special educational needs.

Positive handling training has been provided by Team Teach, this is an accredited trainer for all key staff members to ensure best practice at all times. All staff will continue to receive training on an annual basis in pupil restraint from Team Teach. Staff identified and agreed on areas required for training and as such, we will focus on the following:

- De-escalation
- How to positively handle pupils who present particular risks to themselves or others
- How to minimise the highest risks, for example, by calling the police if a pupil suspected of having a weapon seems likely to resist a search

Positive handling practices established and agreed by all staff via annual training provided by Team Teach. Further guidance is contained in the [Use of Reasonable force \(DFE 2013\)](#)

Using appropriate restricting holds in the MMAP setting can be used in more extreme circumstances such as preventing a student from:

- Causing damage to the property of the school or staff

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- Causing injury to themselves, staff or students
- Removing a student from a situation where they could be at risk of physical violence from another student(s)
- Leaving a classroom to find another student with the intention to cause disruption to lessons or intimidation/violence to staff or students in another area of the building

There are some types of restraint that are unacceptable because they present an **unacceptable** risk. These are:

- The seated double embrace (which involves two members of staff forcing a person into a sitting position and leaning them forward)
- The double basket hold (which involves holding a person's arms across their chest)
- A distracting blow under the pupil's nose

Staff have been trained in safe holds by Team Teach and have been made fully aware of the holds listed above which under any circumstance should not be used.

## **Suspensions**

Suspension is used as a sanction for breaches of school discipline and attitude to learning. Internal/external suspensions are used sparingly and can only be issued by the Headteacher and only when other alternative sanctions have not succeeded in changing behaviour. Permanent Suspension is reserved for serious misbehaviour. Support and advice are seen as important behaviour modification measures and will be used alongside sanctions such as suspensions as well as other intervention measures appropriate for the welfare of the student.

MMAP will let parents/carers know about a suspension as soon as possible and follow up with a letter including information about how long a child is excluded for, the reasons why and a time for a reintegration meeting with a senior member of staff prior to the student returning back to school. Targets will be agreed by all stakeholders in this meeting.

## **Types of suspensions**

There are 2 kinds of suspensions - fixed term suspension and permanent exclusion

### **Fixed period suspension**

A fixed period suspension is where a child is temporarily removed from school. If a child has been suspended for a fixed period, the school should set and mark work for the first 5 school days. If the suspension is longer than 5 school days, the school must arrange full-time education from the 6th school day.

### **Permanent exclusion**

Permanent exclusion means a child has been permanently excluded from the school, subject to appeal if the parent/guardian exercise the right to do so. The local council must arrange full-time education from the 6th school day.

### **Alternative education and suspension.**

The school must tell the parent/carer about any alternative education they or the local council arrange. It is the parent/carers responsibility to make sure the child attends.

### **Challenging fixed period suspension**

Parent/Carers can challenge fixed period suspension if a pupil has been suspended for more than 5 school days in a term or a suspension will mean they will miss a public exam or national curriculum test. For suspensions of 5 school days or less, parents can ask the Management Committee to consider their views.

### **Challenging permanent exclusion**

Parents/Carers can challenge permanent exclusion with the Management Committee. If they agree with the exclusion, Parents/Carers can appeal to the local council. The Management Committee must tell Parents/Carers how to do this.

Please see Section 89 of the Education Act 2006 for compliance and further information.

### **Discrimination and other complaints**

Please read this document in conjunction with the Equalities, SEND and Complaints policies if you feel that your child has been discriminated against.

You can also make a claim to a court or a tribunal if you think your child's been discriminated against. Contact the Equality Advisory Support Service for help and advice.

For more general complaints (e.g., if you don't want to challenge the exclusion but you're not happy with the way the school handled it), follow the normal school complaints procedure which can be found on the school's website.

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# **Maidstone & Malling Alternative Provision**

## **Anti-Bullying Charter**

### **2023-2024**

**This document has been developed and implemented in consultation with students and staff.**

1. Be respectful, kind and considerate to everyone at all times.
2. We will not tolerate either in jest or dialogue derogatory comments regarding race, sexuality or gender.
3. Treat people in the same way you would like to be treated.
4. We will not tolerate name calling and making personal comments.
5. We will not tolerate behaviour that makes it difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves
6. Listen to the views of others, showing empathy and respect even if you do not agree.
7. Think before you speak and always use appropriate language. Language that is hurtful, discriminatory or malicious to others will not be tolerated.
8. Behave responsibly in and outside school, ensuring that your behaviour does not have a negative effect on others.
9. Any bullying concerns will be reported to and dealt with promptly by staff. The results of any investigation will be reported back to the appropriate people as soon as possible.
10. Look out for one another in and outside of school and report any concerns you may have about the well-being of others.
11. We will not post or share comments on social media that may cause upset and harm to ourselves and others.
12. Be supportive and encouraging towards everyone in school.
13. Ensure your behaviour does not disrupt teaching or the learning of others.
14. Bring a positive attitude to school at all times.

**We will sign the Charter to show that we support and will adhere to the Maidstone and Malling Alternative Provision Anti-Bullying Charter.**

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_ Print:

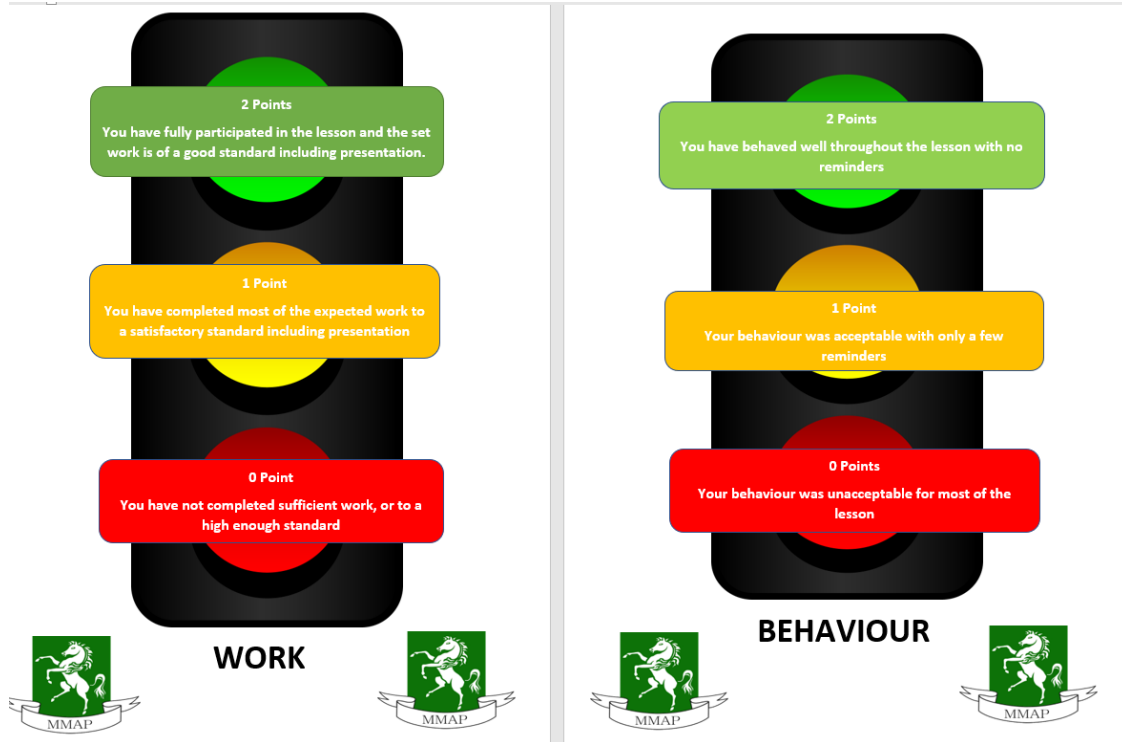
Date: 17<sup>th</sup> May 2023

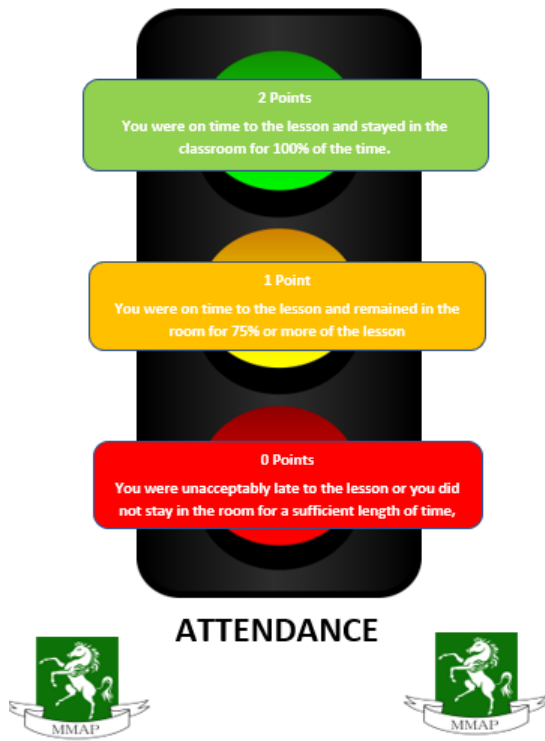
**(On behalf of the pupils at Maidstone and Malling Alternative Provision)**



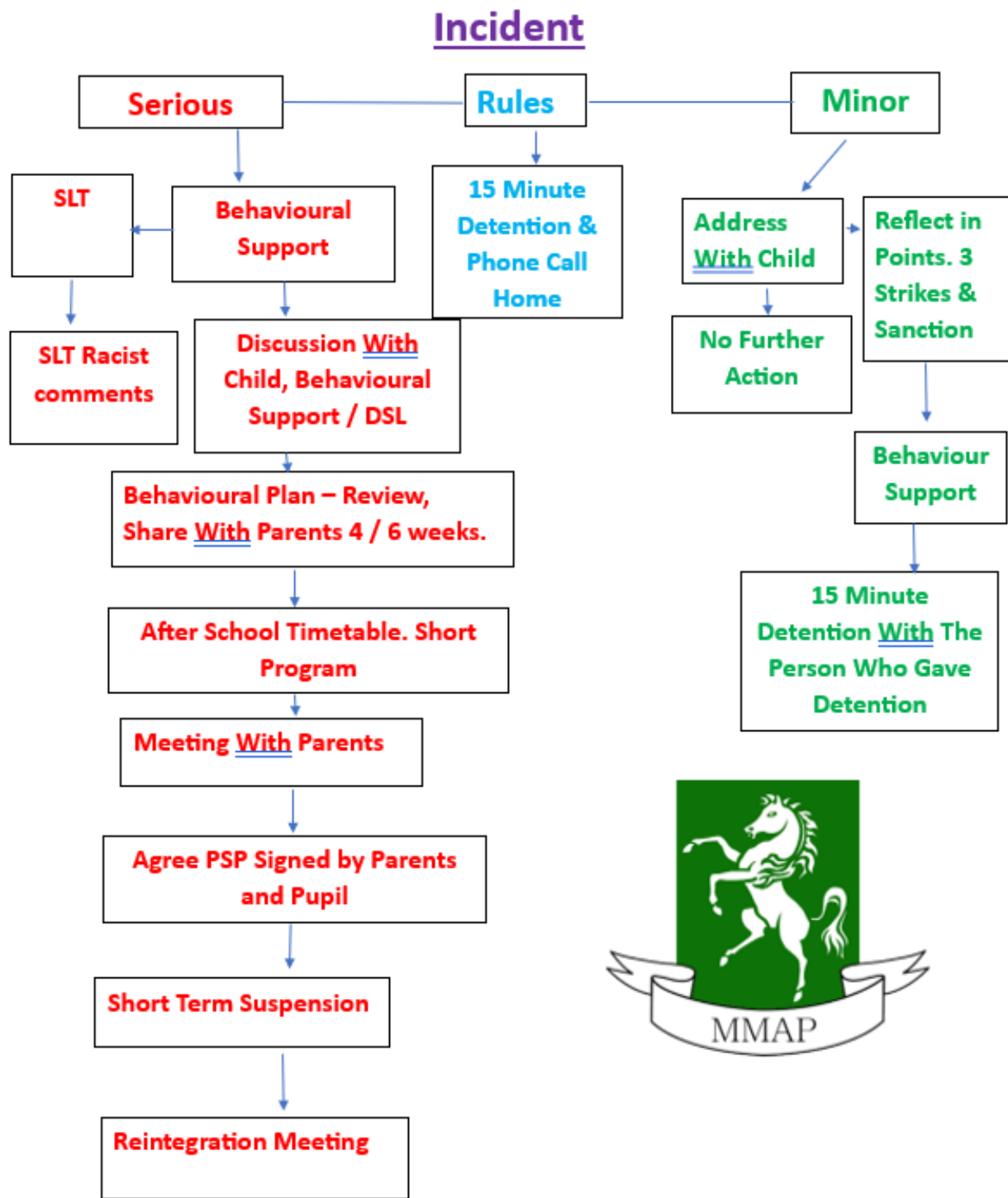
(On behalf of the Staff at Maidstone and Malling Alternative Provision)

### Appendix B Traffic Lights





Appendix C Flow Chart



Appendix D Points sheets

Maidstone and Malling Alternative Provision - 11-3

Name:		Tutor Group / One-to-One:	<b>Marie Ben E</b>		Date:	#####	Monday
User name:	<b>RGasson</b>	Uniform received (Signature)	Uniform Returned (Signature)		Password:	<b>re&amp;uz9br</b>	
2 points	Full attendance	2	Work fully completed	2	Behaved well	2	Completed extra work to high standard
1 point	Part attendance	1	Satisfactory amount of work completed	1	Needed reminders		Completed some extra work
0 points	Less than 25%	0	Unsatisfactory amount of work	0	Unsatisfactory behaviour	1	
	Attendance 0-2	Work 0-2	Behaviour 0-2	Total Points	Comments (including extra points, deductions and detentions)		
Breakfast				4			
Maths Room 7				6			
Art Room 1				6			
Points earned a.m.	Out of Needs 16 12 10 6 4 12 9 8 5 3			16			
Achieved? Yes / No	Points		≥4 each lesson		Comments:		
Tutor Time Room 8				6			
English Room 5				6			
Science Room 4				6			
Points earned p.m.	Out of Needs 18 12 6 12 9 5			18			
Achieved? Yes / No	Points		≥4 each lesson		Comments:		
Total points earned				34			

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# ARC Behaviour

ASK

Politely ASK the student stop what they are doing, explaining why you want them to stop?



REMIND

Politely REMIND the student to stop what they are doing, explain why you want them to stop and explain if this continues there will be a consequence?



CONSEQUENCE

Politely explain that you have ASKED, REMINDED and are now giving a CONSEQUENCE  
A-Move seats, B-go outside with the TA for a period of time for a discussion/reflection time  
Once returned repeat the ARC then get a member of the behaviour team to have 10mins  
timeout discussion/reflection with the student  
Failing all the above, discuss the possibility of A- Call home/Meeting with parents to discuss  
behaviour, B- discuss with behaviour lead  
Possible Additional consequence, After school sessions, part time timetable, Suspension (to  
be decided by the leadership team)

# Restraint Recording Form

<b>Pupil / Young Person's Name</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Time</b>
<b>Report compiled by</b>	<b>Location of incident</b>	<b>Restraint witnessed by</b>

Please make sure that an incident report has been completed and attached to this form then given to the Headteacher/Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL).

1. De-escalation techniques used:
2. Why was the decision made to use restraint?

Tick the reason:

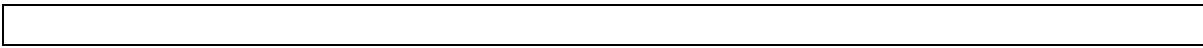
- a) To prevent pupil / young person from committing a crime? [ ]
- b) To prevent pupil / young person from causing injury to self? [ ]
- c) To prevent pupil / young person from causing injury to others? [ ]
- d) To prevent pupil / young person from damaging property? [ ]
- e) To prevent pupil / young person from causing serious disruption? [ ]
- f) To prevent child / young person from running away? [ ]
- g) Other? (Please specify below)

3. Description of physical restraint holds used:  
(Please include the approximate time span of any holds)

4. Why was the restraint ended?

5. Did the pupil / young person suffer any injuries as a result of this incident?  
Injury location and description

6. Did you or any other member of staff suffer any injuries as a result of this incident? Injury location and description



Ratified by MC; 21<sup>st</sup> March 2024  
Management Committee Lead; David Jones  
Policy updated by Lee Aitken-Cooper